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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/021,129	12/12/2001	Yeong-Taeg Kim	SAM2.PAU.04	2469
	7590 10/21/200 ES ANDRAS & SHER	EXAMINER		
19900 MACARTHUR BLVD. SUITE 1150 IRVINE, CA 92612			NEWLIN, TIMOTHY R	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2424	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/21/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/021,129	KIM, YEONG-TAEG		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Timothy R. Newlin	2424		

	Timoury re receiving	2727
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 23 September 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THI	IS APPLICATION IN CONDITION	FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Application (RCE) in compliance with 37 Comperiods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidav eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	it, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	g date of the final rejection.	
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or a	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THI	g date of the final rejection.
MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1. tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origon than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee inally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. ☐ The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp	oliance with 37 CFR 41 37 must be	filed within two months of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further co (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) 	nsideration and/or search (see NO	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re	
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . (See 37 CFR 1.1		ected ciaims.
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment (PTOL-324)
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		impliant / thenament (1 102 024).
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		timely filed amendment canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided that the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		Il be entered and an explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 		
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fails to provide a ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attached.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u>		n condition for allowance because:
 12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). 13. ☐ Other: 	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)	
/Chris Kelley/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2424		

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The added language narrows the claims and would require more than a cursory review.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Respecting claims 1-4 and 6-8, Applicant argues that Zigmond, Neel, and Kitsukawa together fail to teach after a count reaches a predetermined number, disabling the digital TV function of the receiver. This traversal is already addressed in the previous Office Action, on page 2. While Zigmond teaches tracking the number of times an ad is displayed, Kitsukawa teaches combining ads with video, which would lead to blocking the combined signal of both ad and video content. (Examiner also notes that the claimed "video data" added by amendment does not distinguish ad content from programming).

Regarding claim 2, Zigmond teaches storing new ads. E.g. col. 8, lines 9-11 teaches providing new ads just-in-time as needed. The triggering of ad insertion referenced in col. 8, lines 29-39 shows that the newly stored ads are transmitted (i.e. re-enabled) even after certain ads have been blocked according to col. 13, lines 40-47. Also see col. 16, lines 44-56 for a discussion of ad transmission and storage options.

In response to Applicant's argument regarding claim 4: guaranteeing a certain number of exposures is not the only context in which Zigmond counts ad displays. Col. 8, lines 25-28 discuss a situation in which advertisers may contract for a predetermined number of ad exposures. In that case, the ad insertion device would output all stored ads in order to fulfill the contract with advertisers; at the same time, an operator would presumably not display ads that aren't paid for, suggesting an upper limit on the number of ads displayed. In addition, Zigmond's claim 22 discloses monitoring the cumulative (i.e. total) number of times a plurality of ads are shown and using that as a factor in the ad selection criteria.

Regarding claim 5, Knudson is merely relied on to teach ads in a banner format, not combining ads and programming content. As explained in the final Office Action, and above with respect to claims 1-4 and 6-8, Kitsukawa discloses combining ads and video.

The arguments regarding claim 12 are addressed above in connection with claims 1-4 and 6-8.

The Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 9-11 and 14 are similar to those already addressed above in connection with claims 1-4 and 6-8 and remain rejected on the same basis.

The obviousness rejections on pages 6-8, 10-14, and 16 of the previous Office Action referred to by Applicant are sound because they detail where each limitation is taught by the references and provide a motivation to combine them that would be evident to one of ordinary skill; in some cases the motivation comes directly from the references themselves (e.g., Zigmond suggests providing ads that are appropriate to the programming content).

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